FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014
AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	2
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Statement of Financial Position	4
Statement of Activities	
Statement of Functional Expenses	
Statement of Cash Flows	
Notes to the Financial Statements	
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	14
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL	
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN	
AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH	
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	16
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT	Γ
COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRA	M
AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH	
OMB CIRCULAR A-133	18
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONING COSTS	20



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of South Carolina Humanities Council, Inc.

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of South Carolina Humanities Council, Inc. (the "Organization"), which comprise the statement of financial position as of October 31, 2014, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

(Continued next page)

South Carolina Humanities Council, Inc. Page 2 of 2

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of South Carolina Humanities Council, Inc. as of October 31, 2014, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 31, 2015, on our consideration of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BURKETT BURKETT & BURKETT

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Certified Public Accountants, P.A. West Columbia, South Carolina July 31, 2015

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OCTOBER 31, 2014

ASSETS: Cash Short-term investments Prepaid expenses Accounts Receivable	\$	596,594 175,151 9,481 714
Furniture and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation of \$42,146)		18,041
Total assets	\$	799,981
I IADII ITIEG		
LIABILITIES:	Ф	24.727
Accounts payable	\$	24,737
Regrants payable Accrued retirement		28,746
Accrued leave		9,073
Accrued leave		29,158
Total liabilities		91,714
NET ASSETS:		
Unrestricted		493,012
Temporarily restricted		215,255
Total net assets		708,267
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	799,981

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Total
REVENUES AND PUBLIC SUPPORT:			
Grants:			
National Endowment for the Humanities	\$	\$ 645,530	\$ 645,530
Other		47,137	47,137
Contributions	35,033	66,426	101,459
Programs and Event Revenue	3,675	42,454	46,129
Interest	299		299
Royalties	1,717		1,717
Total revenues and public support	40,724	801,547	842,271
Net assets released from program restrictions	814,267	(814,267)	-
	854,991	(12,720)	842,271
EXPENSES:			
Humanities support	603,524		603,524
Management and general	163,685		163,685
Fundraising	27,152		27,152
Total expenses	794,361	-	794,361
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	60,630	(12,720)	47,910
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	432,382	227,975	660,357
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 493,012	\$ 215,255	\$ 708,267

#### STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014

	umanities Support	anagement d General	Fund- Raising	 Total
Salaries and benefits	\$ 130,203	\$ 103,179	\$ 12,283	\$ 245,665
Council conducted programs	245,304			245,304
Regrants	130,013			130,013
Professional fees	19,030	28,544	7,864	55,438
Rent and utilities	21,513	14,095	2,384	37,992
Travel	10,659	3,762	1,254	15,675
Dues and subscriptions	9,679	4,768		14,447
Printing and publications	7,166	421	843	8,430
Telephone and internet	3,912	2,563	448	6,923
Committee expense	7,067	2,494	831	10,392
Equipment maintenance	2,320	1,520	160	4,000
Office supplies	2,277	134	625	3,036
Depreciation	2,834	682	72	3,588
Insurance	1,784	1,413	168	3,365
Bank charges	4,753			4,753
Postage	1,873	110	220	2,203
Advertising	2,542			2,542
Auction pay	 595			595
Total	\$ 603,524	\$ 163,685	\$ 27,152	\$ 794,361

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Change in net assets	\$ 47,910
Adjustment to reconcile change in net assets	
to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	3,588
Change in operating assets and liabilities:	
Prepaid expenses	(3,364)
Accounts receivable	(714)
Accounts payable	18,516
Regrants payable	16,916
Accrued retirement	(1,785)
Accrued leave	1,522
Net cash provided by operating activities	82,589
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Capital expenditures	(15,114)
Net reinvestment in short-term investments	(52,072)
Net cash used by investing activities	 (67,186)
NET INCREASE IN CASH	15,404
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	 581,190
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$ 596,594

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

*Nature of Organization and Operations:* 

South Carolina Humanities Council, Inc. (the "Organization") is an affiliate of the National Endowment for the Humanities (NEH), a federal agency created by Congress. The Organization is a South Carolina not-for-profit corporation that was organized to fund humanities programs in the State of South Carolina.

The Organization receives a substantial amount of its support from the NEH. For the year ended October 31, 2014, such support totaled \$645,530, or 76% of total revenues and support.

Date of Management's Review:

Subsequent events were evaluated through July 31, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Basis of Accounting:

The financial statements of the Organization have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

Financial Statement Presentation:

The Organization's activities and net assets are classified in the financial statements as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, and permanently restricted based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. These classifications are described below:

- Unrestricted net assets resources not subject to donor-imposed restrictions.
- Temporarily restricted net assets resources that can be expended subject to donor-imposed restrictions as to use and timing.
- Permanently restricted net assets resources that a donor has required the Organization to retain in perpetuity. Generally, the donor of these assets permits the Organization to use all or a part of the income and gains earned on the gifted assets. The Organization currently has no permanently restricted net assets.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

Assets are sequenced on the statement of financial position in general accordance with their nearness of conversion to cash. Liabilities are sequenced in general accordance with the nearness of their maturity and resulting use of cash. The statement of activities presents expenses by functional classification in accordance with the overall mission of the Organization. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

Contributions and other support are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Support received that is designated for future periods or is restricted for specific purposes is reported as an increase in temporarily or permanently restricted net assets, depending on the nature of the restriction. When a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

#### Cash Equivalents:

The Organization considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents as of October 31, 2014.

#### Short-Term Investments:

Short-term investments consist of certificates of deposit and are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. See Note 2 for discussion of fair value measurements.

Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis.

#### Risk and Uncertainties:

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. The Organization regularly evaluates its investments including the performance thereof. However, due to inherent risks and potential volatility in investment valuations, the amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements can vary substantially from year to year.

#### Advertising:

The Organization expenses advertising costs as they are incurred.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

#### *Furniture and Equipment:*

Furniture and equipment are stated at cost. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. The cost and accumulated depreciation related to assets disposed of are removed from the accounts and the resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operation. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method.

#### *In-Kind Donations:*

These financial statements reflect contributed services in the amount of \$15,295, relating to marketing the 2014 SC Book Festival. The Organization received a donated server and software during FY 2014 valued at \$7,517. Lastly, donated rent during FY 2014 totaled \$900. Total in-kind donations for FY 2014 were \$23,712.

#### Income Taxes:

The Organization has received a determination letter from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) indicating it is a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is subject to federal income tax only on net unrelated business income. Management has determined that the Organization has no current obligations for unrelated business income tax. Accordingly, no provisions for federal and state income taxes are required. The Organization is not classified as a private foundation.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to evaluate tax positions taken by the Organization and recognize a tax liability (or asset) if the Organization has taken an uncertain position that more likely than not would not be sustained upon examination by the IRS. Management has analyzed the tax positions taken by the Organization, and has concluded that as of October 31, 2014, there are no uncertain positions taken or expected to be taken that would require recognition of a liability (or asset) or disclosure in the financial statements. The Organization is subject to routine audits by taxing jurisdictions; however, there are currently no audits for any tax periods in progress. Management believes it is no longer subject to income tax examinations for fiscal years prior to 2011.

#### *Use of Estimates:*

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2 – CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK:

At October 31, 2014, the Organization had cash on deposit in excess of federally insured limits of approximately \$360,671. The risk associated with the excess is limited due to the soundness of the financial institution with which the funds are deposited.

#### NOTE 3 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) *Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, provides the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FASB ASC 820 are described as follows:

Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the plan has the ability to access.

#### Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at October 31, 2014.

Certificates of Deposit: Valued at cost plus accrued interest.

#### NOTE 3 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED):

The preceding method described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Organization believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Organization's financial assets as of October 31, 2014 that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

		Fair Value Measurements Using Input Type		
	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Certificates of deposit	\$ 175,151	\$ -	\$ 175,151	\$ -

#### NOTE 4 – PENSION PLAN:

The Organization has a simplified employee pension plan (SEP) which covers all applicable employees who have completed one year of service. The Organization contributes an amount equal to 5% of the participants' salary to the plan. Retirement expense for the year ended October 31, 2014 amounted to \$9,268.

#### NOTE 5 – LEASE COMMITMENT:

The Organization leases its office space under an operating lease expiring in March 2018. Under this lease, the Organization will pay monthly rent of \$2,877 beginning April 2015 and is required to pay all insurance and other occupancy costs. Rent expense for the year ended October 31, 2014 totaled \$37,992.

Future minimum lease payments due under this operating lease for the next four years, and in the aggregate, are as follows:

Year ending October 31,

Total	122,375
2018	 15,268
2017	36,197
2016	35,136
2015	\$ 35,774

#### NOTE 6 – TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS:

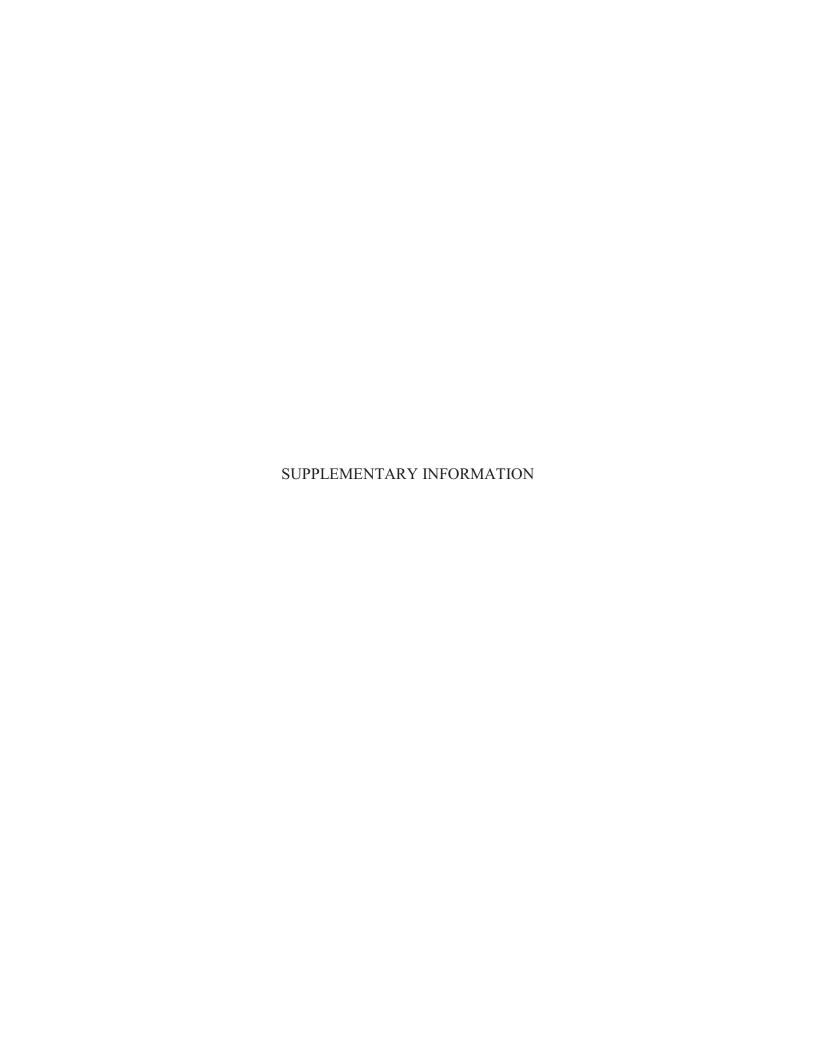
Changes in temporarily restricted net assets were as follows:

			Net Assets	
			Released	
	Balance		from	Balance
	10/31/13	Revenues	Restrictions	10/31/14
NEH Programs	\$ 1,494	\$ 645,530	\$ (621,653)	\$ 25,371
Book Festival	93,090	152,308	(151,700)	93,698
South Carolina Encyclopedia	89,902	435		90,337
Literary Arts Partnership	28,876		(28,876)	-
Literature & Medicine	2,760			2,760
LTAI	2,664	1,224	(1,844)	2,044
Humanities Festival	950	1,550	(2,500)	-
Speakers Bureau	150	500		650
Key Ingredients	7,694		(7,694)	-
Poetry Out Loud	395			395
Total	\$ 227,975	\$ 801,547	\$ (814,267)	\$ 215,255

#### NOTE 7 – CONTINGENCIES AND ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY:

The various federal programs administered by the Organization are subject to examination by federal grantor agencies. Expenditures of federal funds by the Organization may be disallowed by federal grantor agencies. The funds would then have to be returned to the sponsoring federal agency. Payments to subrecipients, if any, which may be disallowed, would be recoverable from the subrecipient. At the present time, the Organization has not been notified of the need to return federal funds and has not determined amounts which may be due to federal grantors if so notified.

The Organization depends heavily on the support it receives from the NEH. The continuation of support from the NEH is dependent on future appropriations from the federal budget. The Organization's ability to continue its programs is significantly contingent upon continuation of this support.



## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor <u>Program of Cluster Title</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Federal Expenditures
NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES: State Humanities Program	45.129	\$ 612,154
Total		612,154

#### SOUTH CAROLINA HUMANITIES COUNCIL, INC. NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014

#### NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of South Carolina Humanities Council, Inc., under programs of the federal government for the year ended October 31, 2014. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of South Carolina Humanities Council, Inc., it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of South Carolina Humanities Council, Inc.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-122, *Cost Principles for Non-profit Organizations*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### NOTE 3 – SUBRECIPIENTS:

Of the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule, South Carolina Humanities Council, Inc. provided a total of \$122,813 in federal awards to subrecipients from its State Humanities Program award (CFDA #45.129).



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of South Carolina Humanities Council, Inc.

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of South Carolina Humanities Council, Inc. (the "Organization") which comprise the statement of financial position as of October 31, 2014, and the related statements of activities, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 31, 2015.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Organization's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Organization's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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South Carolina Humanities Council, Inc. Page 2 of 2

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Organization's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Burkett Burkett & Burkett

BURKETT BURKETT & BURKETT Certified Public Accountants, P.A. West Columbia, South Carolina July 31, 2015



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Directors of South Carolina Humanities Council, Inc.

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the South Carolina Humanities Council, Inc. (the "Organization")'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Organization's major federal program for the year ended October 31, 2014. The Organization's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal program.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Organization's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Organization's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Organization's compliance.

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South Carolina Humanities Council, Inc. Page 2 of 2

#### Opinion on Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Organization complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended October 31, 2014.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Organization is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Organization's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Burkett Burkett & Burkett

BURKETT BURKETT & BURKETT Certified Public Accountants, P.A. West Columbia, South Carolina July 31, 2015

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014

#### SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered

to be material weaknesses?

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered

to be material weaknesses?

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for

major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133?

Major program:

**CDFA** 

45.129 National Endowment for the Humanities - State Humanities Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B

programs: \$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

Part II FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

Part III <u>FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR AWARDS</u> PROGRAMS AUDIT

None